

HOME LINK
2•3

Doubles Facts

**Family Note**

Today we worked with an Addition/Subtraction Facts Table and dominoes to practice with a special kind of addition problem called doubles facts. $3 + 3 = 6$, $4 + 4 = 8$, and $5 + 5 = 10$ are examples of doubles facts. We also worked with almost-doubles facts, such as $3 + 4 = 7$, $5 + 4 = 9$, and $7 + 8 = 15$. Review doubles facts and almost-doubles facts with your child.

Please return this Home Link to school tomorrow.

1. Write the sum for each doubles fact.

a. $2 + 2 =$ _____ b. _____ $= 5 + 5$ c. _____ $= 0 + 0$

d.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ + 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

e.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

f.
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ + 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

g.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

h. $9 + 9 =$ _____ i. _____ $= 1 + 1$ j. _____ $= 4 + 4$

2. Ask someone to give you doubles facts. You say the sums. Do this for about 10 minutes or until you know all the doubles facts.

3. Write each sum. Use doubles facts to help you.

a. $5 + 4 =$ _____ b. $4 + 5 =$ _____ c. _____ $= 9 + 8$

d.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

e.
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

f.
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ + 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

g.
$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$